STUDENT WELLNESS

The Albemarle County School Board recognizes the link between student health and learning and desires to provide a comprehensive program promoting healthy eating and physical activity in Division students. Number eleven of the Division's Lifelong-Learning Standards is to understand and follow a physically active lifestyle that promotes good health and wellness.

Albemarle County Public Schools will provide a consistent, overarching message in support of the value of wellness practices particularly as they apply to nutrition and physical activity for students and staff.

The Student Wellness policy is reviewed by County ACPS representatives within the department of Child Nutrition, School Nurse, Health and Physical Education, School Administration, Safety and Program Management, and Health Advisory Committee. The review process is led by the ACPS Chief Operating Officer. The public can view the Student Wellness policy on the County's website at; https://www2.k12albemarle.org/acps/division/board/Pages/School-Board-Policy.aspx Stakeholders are able to participate in student wellness policy process at, https://www2.k12albemarle.org/acps/division/board/Pages/Public-Comment-Guidelines.aspx. In addition, community health professionals from the County's health advisory committee provide review and input of the policy.

Child Nutrition Department Program (CNP)

The Child Nutrition Department Program goals are to ensure the nutritional and financial integrity and accountability of cafeteria operations, and to enhance the nutrition education of all students. Ongoing assessment of the cafeteria operations allows planning to best serve our customers in a cost efficient manner, and to support a healthy school climate. The Director of Child Nutrition/Child Nutrition staff will conduct periodic audits to ensure compliance of regulations and standards for the CNP.

Nutrition Education

Students <u>will</u> receive nutrition education that teaches the skills they need to adopt and maintain healthy eating behaviors. Division health education curriculum standards and guidelines address both nutrition and physical education.

Physical Activity

Recognizing the many benefits of physical activity and the research-supported notion that people begin to establish lifelong health related attitudes and behaviors in childhood, one of the wellness goals of the Albemarle County School Division will be to help students establish lifelong healthy physical activity patterns. The

Superintendent/Designee will insure compliance with the Health and Physical Education curricula offered.

Wellness

School staff and support personnel serve as role models and <u>The School the</u> Division will encourage activities and programs that support healthy lifestyles for all school division employees.

Adopted: Amended:	June 22, 2006 September 7, 2007; October 22, 2009; September 12, 2013; November 13, 2014	
Legal Ref:	 42 U.S.C. §1758. U.S. Department of Agriculture, SP 46-2-16, Unpaid Meal Charges: Local Meal Charge Policies, July 8, 2016. b U.S. Department of Agriculture, SP 47-2016, Unpaid Meal Charges: Clarification on Collection of Delinquent Meal Payments, July 8, 2016. 7 CFR Pt.210.11App.B Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, §22.1-78, 22.1-79.7, 22.1-207.4.253.13.1.D.14 8 VAC 20-740-10. 8 VAC 20-740-30. 8 VAC 20-740-40. 	
Cross Refs:	EFB IGAE/IGAF JL KJ KJB KQ	Free and Reduced Price Food Services Health/Physical Education Fund Raising and Solicitation <u>Advertising in Schools</u> <u>Fundraising in Schools</u> Commercial, Promotional, & Corporate Sponsorships & Partnerships

Student Wellness

The School Board of the Albemarle County Public Schools has established the following goals/practices to promote student wellness.

Child Nutrition

Goals and/or pPractices:

- The availability of the subsidized meal program is publicized annually. <u>.</u> through a County news release, postings on the CNP website, and a hardcopy of the meal application which is included in the first day packets for parents/guardians of all students.
- All students use a different ID number at the cafeteria point of service and there is no disclosure of the eligibility status.
- <u>Students who do not have money on account or in hand to cover the cost of a</u> meal at the time of service may be permitted to charge the meal.
- The Director of the Child Nutrition Department <u>Program</u> and designated staff will monitor cafeteria operations for total quality performance to ensure that standards and practices of the CNP are fulfilled. This includes areas of operations such as food safety/sanitation, food quality, quantity and nutritional content, marketing and merchandising, cleanliness, recordkeeping and efficiency.
- Food service staff receives ongoing training on <u>food</u> safety <u>&</u>, sanitation and food preparation techniques used to comply with the USDA guidelines and to minimize the use of additional fats, salt and sugar-
- Fat, sugar and sodium content are included among the nutritional guidelines, which are considered within the food purchasing <u>specifications</u> and preparation practices.
- Locally grown and produced food items are <u>is</u> incorporated into CNP purchase with consideration of availability, cost and USDA health and procurement standards.
- Cafeterias are to operate in a manner which provides food items in appropriate quantities, and are served in an aesthetically pleasing way.
- School meals will be marketed to appeal to students so they will buy and consume the full meal.
- The Child Nutrition-Department Program will help helps to promote nutrition education. This may include posters and nutritional education material displayed for students in cafeteria, web page and menus, cafeteria promotions and interaction with students about school nutrition program and healthy eating.
- School menus are available to the public through media release, CNP webpage and take-home menus for elementary school students.
- Students are included in assessment surveys and focus groups.

Standards:

As part of the National School Meal Program, the Child Nutrition Program (CNP) follows the nutritional regulations set by the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA). These standards are aligned with the Dietary Guidelines for Americans and include a variety of fruits, vegetables, whole grains, low fat and fat-free milk in school meals and meet the nutritional needs for school children within their calorie requirements(https://www.fns.usda.gov/school-meals/nutrition-standards-school-meal). The USDA regulations include nutritional standards for all food and-/beverage items within the school meal program and all competitive food/<u>and</u>beverage items (www.fns.usda.gov/healthierschoolday/tools-schools-focusing-smart-snacks) --In addition, Albemarle County CNP has the following nutritional standards in place based on recommendations made by the Institute of Medicine of the National Academies of Science.

- Fruit and vegetable options with lunch include at least one fresh (raw) item.
- Limited portion size of french fries. <u>French fries are not 'super-sized' or double</u> <u>portioned</u>. French fries are not available a la carte and no extra servings sold with a meal.
- Food and beverage items contain no artificial sweeteners.
- Cooking methods are bake and steam. There are no deep fryers in the cafeteria.
- Cookies and ice cream are offered once per week at the elementary and middle schools and meet the nutritional profile set by the USDA, limiting calories, fat, sugar, sodium and include whole grain. (100% frozen juice may be offered daily.)
- High schools are allowed to offer ice cream products and cookies daily.
- Beverages should not contain artificial sweeteners or added caffeine. For example, items such as soda, diet soda, sports drinks, flavored waters, fruit drinks, energy drinks, coffee and teas (with or without artificial sweeteners) should not be offered during the school day.

SchoolsEnforcement:

School Administrators<u>and</u>/Designees will monitor and ensure that their school fulfills the practices and standards of the <u>Student W</u>wellness <u>P</u>policy.

USDA definitions(7 CFR 210.11- competitive food service and standards):

<u>Competitive foods</u> – <u>means all food available for sale to students on the school</u> campus during the school day other than meals reimbursed under programs authorized by the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act (42 USC § 1751 et seq.) and the Child Nutrition Act of 1966 (42 USC § 1771 et seq.). all food and beverages available for sale to students on the school campus during the school day, other than those meals reimbursable for Breakfast and Lunch.

<u>School Campus</u> – all areas of the property under the jurisdiction of the school that are accessible to students during the school day.

<u>School day</u> – the period from midnight before to 30 minutes after the end of the official day.

Goals/practices

- No food or beverage is to be sold anywhere on the school campus in competition with the CNP during lunch and breakfast periods at schools operating on National school lunch or breakfast program. Note: Breakfast hours are defined as 6 a.m. until the close of the last breakfast service period.
- Any food or beverage sold during the course of the school day on school campus shall abide by the nutritional standards of the <u>CNP</u>Albemarle County Child Nutrition Program and Student Wellness Policy.
- Each school shall ensure that dining is a pleasant experience. Noise should be kept to a minimum. The facility should be clean and pleasant, and adequate time should be provided to eat.
- Daily recess or unstructured play will be provided by each school and <u>restricting</u> restriction of recess for disciplinary reasons will be discouraged.
- Parents will be strongly encouraged to provide healthy food items when packing snacks and lunches.
- Each school will involve the **PTO** <u>Parent Teacher Organization</u> or other parent group in identifying strengths and weaknesses and ideas for achieving wellness goals as applied to nutrition and physical activity.
- Food items with minimal nutritional value, such as candy and soda, will not be used as rewards by school staff in the classroom.
- Information about school meals and nutrition will be posted and encouraged on the district District website.
- <u>Water fountains are available throughout all schools, to include the dining areas.</u>

Any vending machines on school campus that sell food or beverage<u>s</u> that do not follow the nutritional standards with the <u>Student</u> Wellness Policy of <u>Albemarle County</u> will be turned off during hours of the school days, as defined by USDA. Examples of non-permitted items during the school day are soda, diet soda, sports drinks, fruit drinks, flavored waters, iced tea, and candy bars.

Questions regarding the nutritional standards of the permitted food and beverage items should be directed to the Director of Child Nutrition.

Nutrition Education

<u>Goals/practices</u> <u>Practices</u>

- Schools will provide nutrition education that is interactive and teaches the skills necessary to adopt healthy eating behaviors and that will be integrated in the comprehensive health education curriculum in grades K through 10.
- Nutrition education will be incorporated into the core curriculum.
- Each school will assign ownership of the comprehensive health curriculum to a department or particular staff member.

- The Superintendent/<u>or</u> Designee will work with principals to insure that the delivery of nutrition education is delivered by personnel who have appropriate training.
- Parents will receive nutrition information in various ways: district newsletters, school newsletters, and letters sent home addressing specific nutrition issues, such as sending healthy snacks and packing healthy lunches.

Physical Activity

Goals/practices Practices

Physical education classes:

- Albemarle County Schools will provide planned and sequential physical education curricula from K through 10 that promote enjoyable, lifelong physical activity. These curricula will be consistent with the national standards for physical education.
- The P.E. <u>staff will provide proper instructions and plan the P.E.</u> time period <u>to</u> <u>keep students physically active and engaged, limiting wait time.will be spent in</u> <u>physical activity. Time waiting for instructions or waiting for a turn will be</u> <u>limited.</u>
- All students must participate not dressing out is not an option. Students who refuse to dress out will be penalized in some way other than being excluded from P.E. class.
- Students will need a note from a <u>parent and</u> doctor to be excluded from more than 1 class of <u>P.E. Physical Education</u>. (with note from parent) unless there is a clear orthopedic injury. Effort will be made to provide injured students with an adapted or modified form of physical activity. The note should specify dates and time range for excuse.
- Lifetime physical activity choices will be <u>may be</u> offered for upper grade P.E. classes.
- Physical education will emphasize lifetime activities that promote physical fitness.
- Adaptive/<u>and</u> modified P.E. will be ensured for all disabled students.

Other school efforts to increase physical activity:

- Instruction that helps students develop the knowledge, attitudes, behavioral skills, and confidence needed to adopt and maintain physically active lifestyles will be incorporated into the comprehensive health education curricula.
- Each school will be encouraged to incorporate physical activity into the school day in ways other than P.E.
- Schools and/or <u>the Division</u> school divisions will provide information to parents on the benefits of physical activity and suggestions on ways to incorporate physical activity into the family's daily routine.
- Schools will participate in community_ based programs.
- Other physical activity clubs may be offered at each school's <u>administration</u> discretion.
- High schools will offer <u>P.E.</u> electives other than the required P.E. courses.

- Field trip planning should include a plan for students to be physically active during the trip (modify *Request for Educational Field Trip* to reflect this).
- Schools will provide personnel training for P.E. teachers, classroom, teachers and administrators on how to increase physical activity.

<u>Schools ACPS</u> will <u>collaborate_work</u>-with the <u>county_County</u> and community-<u>based</u> groups to provide and promote access to safe spaces and facilities for physical activity in the schools and community:

- Schools will encourage and promote a diverse range of developmentally appropriate community sports and recreation programs that are attractive to all young people by means approved by School Board policy.
- •____The use of school grounds as public playgrounds on off hours will be permitted.
- <u>Schools work with community to create ways for students to walk/bike (or other active methods) to and from school, to the extent it can be accomplished safely.</u>
- The use of school fields and courts by community sports programs are <u>available</u> <u>upon application as provided by School Board policy.offered to all students. The</u> <u>Division advocates for scholarships to be provided so all students can participate</u> <u>regardless of ability to pay.</u>

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 June 22, 2006

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